

Aux quatre coins du vent



Suite de quatre pièces
pour quatre flûtes traversières
et harpe

de Jean Froidevaux

L'image des « quatre vents » est extraite du tableau d'**Abraham Hondius** (1625/30 – 1691/95) et porte le titre de « Allégorie cosmique ». Il se trouve au Musée des Beaux Arts de Bâle.



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**Suite de quatre pièces
pour quatre flûtes traversières
et harpe**

de Jean Froidevaux

dédié au « Berner Flötenquartett »

1. Mistral glacial
2. Sirocco du Sahara
3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'ouest
4. Brise de Zéphyr

1. Mistral glacial

Messenger du Pôle Nord
tu glaces nos membres
et nous fais claquer des dents.
Tu chasses les poussières en balayant la TERRE.

Nous te tournons le dos
pour tenter de résister à ta force impétueuse,
car nous sommes irrésistiblement aspirés
vers les paysages lumineux du Sud.

Thème général et motif-clé :

Le thème général des 4 pièces, fil conducteur, est le suivant :



dont les deux éléments encadrés sont utilisées dans la première pièce.

Notes pour l'interprétation :

☐ Flûtistes :

- Notes justes, pas de quarts de tons
- Trilles en ton entier



- Flutter s'arrête au début de la barre horizontale —————
- Le claquement des dents est esquissé par les doubles croches avec « + » du « Slap », dont le nombre et les battements sont rythmiquement libres. La notation ne figure qu'à titre d'indication pour signaler l'entrée (approximative) des interprètes.

☐ Harpiste :

- Le crissement du froid est illustré par le grattement des 4-5 dernières cordes hautes en utilisant l'ongle du pouce ou un plectre.

Aux quatre coins du vent

Partition

1. Mistral glacial

Jean Froidevaux

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120)

The musical score is for a piece titled "Mistral glacial" by Jean Froidevaux. It is in 3/4 time and marked Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120). The score is for four flutes (Flûte 1, 2, 3, 4) and a harp (Harpe). The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The first system shows the initial entries of the flutes with dynamics *p*, *mf*, and *f*. The harp part is marked *Si b*. The second system continues the flute entries with *Flutter* markings and dynamics *p* and *mf*. The harp part includes a trill marked *8va* and a rapid arpeggio instruction: "arpéger rapidement vers le haut avec l'ongle les 4-5 dernières cordes". The score uses various musical notations including slurs, accents, and dynamic markings.

Flûte 1

Flûte 2

Flûte 3

Flûte 4

Harpe

Si b

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

8va

arpéger rapidement vers le haut avec l'ongle les 4-5 dernières cordes

mf

Flutter

p

mf

f

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

18

mf

mf

8va-----

accél.

arpéger rapidement vers le haut avec l'ongle

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

25

mf

mf

f

f

f

f

accél.

accél.

accél.

accél.

Fa#

mf

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

30

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

34

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120)

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120)

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120)

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120)

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120)

Fl. 1 *mf*

Fl. 2 *mf* Slap "claquement de dents"

Fl. 3 *mf*

Fl. 4 *mf*

Hp. *f*

39

3

Fl. 1 *f* Slap "claquement de dents"

Fl. 2 *f*

Fl. 3 *f* Slap "claquement de dents"

Fl. 4 *f* Slap "claquement de dents"

Hp. *f*

43

3

48

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

Slap

Slap

Slap

Slap

glissando

ff

Si $\flat$

52

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

f

f

f

mf

ff

mf

ff

Si $\flat$

Do $\sharp$

[illegible]

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

67

mp

3 3 3 3 3 3

Ré, Mi, La

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

72

mf

mf

p

mf

3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

Ré, Mi, La

f

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

arpéger rapidement vers le haut avec l'ongle

86

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

f

mf

ff

Si

f

91

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

f

mf

f

mf

Mib Sib

95

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

mf

p

mf

mf

glissando

99

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

p

mp

mp

mp

Mi

Fl. 1

104

3

3

Slap

Fl. 2

Slap

Fl. 3

Slap

Fl. 4

Slap

Hp.

104

Mib Sib

mf

3

3

5

5

5

glissando

Detailed description: This system covers measures 104 to 108. Flute 1 starts with a triplet of eighth notes (G4, A4, B4) and then plays a series of slapping patterns (marked with '+' signs) in 3/4 time. Flutes 2, 3, and 4 also play slapping patterns, with Flute 2 starting in measure 105. The harp part features a descending glissando from G4 to B3 in measure 108, preceded by a triplet of eighth notes (F#4, G4, A4) in measure 105. The dynamic *mf* is indicated in measure 105.

Fl. 1

109

f

Slap

Fl. 2

f

Slap

Fl. 3

f

Slap

Fl. 4

f

Hp.

109

Mi b

f

3

Detailed description: This system covers measures 109 to 113. All four flutes play a continuous slapping pattern (marked with '+' signs) in 3/4 time. The harp part features a triplet of eighth notes (F#4, G4, A4) in measure 109, followed by a descending glissando from G4 to B3 in measure 110. The dynamic *f* is indicated in measure 109.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4

Hp.

119

rit.

pp

p

rit.

rit.

rit.

rit.

Réb

124 **Moderato** ♩=108

Fl. 1 *mp*

Fl. 2 *mp* **Moderato** ♩=108 *pp³* *p*

Fl. 3 *mp* **Moderato** ♩=108 *p*

Fl. 4 *mp* **Moderato** ♩=108 *p*

Hp. 124 **Moderato** ♩=108 Ré Fa *mf*

130

Fl. 1 *p*

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. 4 *rit.*

Hp. 130 Fa# *rit.* *mf*

2. Sirocco du Sahara

Emportant les sables torrides du désert,
tu nous envahis de ta chaleur insoutenable.

Tu nous rends mous, las et exaspérés,
exacerbant nos migraines, névralgies et insomnies
jusqu'à épuisement.

Mais, en consolation,
ton air de FEU
nous apporte les flonflons
des danses d'Afrique du Nord.

Motif-clé :



Le mouvement descendant est comme un soupir, que l'on peut donner par un glissando (partiellement chromatique ou en continu). Le mouvement ascendant est comme un effort de redressement. De la mesure 15 à 22, 35 à 38, et de la mesure 72 à la fin, ce motif doit être donné sans déformation.

Notes pour l'interprétation :

☐ Flûtistes :

➤ Quart de ton, demi-ton :

La ligne ondulante se terminant par une flèche descendante indique que le son initialement juste peut gonfler légèrement d'un quart de ton pour tomber ensuite d'un quart de ton ou même d'un demi ton, s'il est marqué comme ci-dessous :



La durée, au début, est celle d'une longue respiration. Il serait bon qu'on évite ici l'attaque et qu'on laisse le vent pénétrer dans l'instrument pour le laisser « gonfler » par un léger crescendo se terminant par un diminuendo.

➤ Rythme

Il doit être, en principe, constant, et sans ralentissement à la fin. Les deux accélérations ne doivent pas être exagérées, mais correspondre à une légère « accélération du rythme cardiaque » contrôlée par la harpe.

☐ Harpe :

Les quatre arpèges au début et les trois dès la mesure 76 sont à prendre en descendant.

Dès la mesure 24 jusqu'à la mesure 43 la harpe fait entendre les battements du cœur qui deviennent de plus en plus insistants. Depuis la mesure 74 jusqu'à la fin, le rythme cardiaque se calme.

2. Sirocco du Sahara

Jean Froidevaux

Lent ♩ = 60

Flûte 1

Flûte 2

Flûte 3
Alto

Flûte 4
Basse

Harpe

Do, Si, La#,
Sol, Fa, Mi
Réb

p

6

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

La_b

2. Sirocco

2
12

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

Ré

12

18

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

18

18

3

comme les battements du coeur

26

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

26

Hp.

mf

mf

mf

p

This musical score segment covers measures 26 through 31. It features five staves: Flute 1 (Fl. 1), Flute 2 (Fl. 2), Flute 3 A (Fl. 3 A.), Flute 4 B (Fl. 4 B.), and Harp (Hp.). The Flute parts are written in treble clef, while the Harp part is in bass clef. The key signature has one sharp (F#). The score includes various musical notations such as rests, eighth notes, quarter notes, half notes, and slurs. Dynamic markings include *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *p* (piano). The Harp part in measure 26 consists of a continuous eighth-note pattern in the bass register.

2. Sirocco

4
32

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

p

mf

36 *accel.*

3 3 3

3 3 3

3 3 3

3 3 3

36 *accel.*

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a piece titled '2. Sirocco'. It is written for four flutes (Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Fl. 3 A., Fl. 4 B.) and a harp (Hp.). The music is in 4/4 time. The first system covers measures 32 to 35. In measure 32, there is a '4' above the staff and a '32' below it. The flutes play melodic lines with various articulations, including slurs and accents. The harp provides a rhythmic accompaniment, with the left hand playing a steady eighth-note pattern and the right hand playing a more complex pattern. Dynamics include piano (p) and mezzo-forte (mf). The second system covers measures 36 to 39. It begins with a '36 accel.' marking. Measures 36 and 37 show the flutes playing melodic lines with slurs. Measures 38 and 39 feature triplet figures for all instruments, indicated by a '3' below the staff. The harp continues its rhythmic accompaniment. The score ends with a final measure in the second system.

5

42

Fl. 1

p

a tempo

Fl. 2

p

a tempo

Fl. 3 A.

p

a tempo

Fl. 4 B.

p

a tempo

Hp.

42

a tempo

p

près de la table

A l'orientale

2. Sirocco

6

45

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

47

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

This musical score is for a piece titled "2. Sirocco". It is arranged for four flutes (Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Fl. 3 A., Fl. 4 B.), piano (Hp.), and harp (Hp.). The score is divided into two systems, each with two measures. The first system begins at measure 6, and the second system begins at measure 47. Flute 1 (Fl. 1) has a melodic line with many sixteenth notes and slurs, starting at measure 6 and continuing at measure 47. Flute 2 (Fl. 2) and Flute 3 A. (Fl. 3 A.) have rests in both measures. Flute 4 B. (Fl. 4 B.) has a melodic line with slurs, starting at measure 6 and continuing at measure 47. The piano (Hp.) and harp (Hp.) parts have a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes in the right hand and chords in the left hand, starting at measure 45 and continuing at measure 47. The key signature has one sharp (F#) and the time signature is 4/4.

2. Sirocco

7

49

Fl. 1 *f*

Fl. 2 *f*

Fl. 3 A. *f*

Fl. 4 B. *f*

Hp. *sec (étouffé)* *f*

50

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp. *a tempo* *mf*

2. Sirocco

8
52

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

52

54

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

54

Detailed description of the musical score: The score is for a piece titled '2. Sirocco'. It consists of two systems of music. The first system covers measures 52 and 53. In measure 52, Fl. 2 and Fl. 3 A. play a melodic line starting on G4, moving up stepwise to B4, then down to A4, G4, F#4, E4, D4, C4, and B3. Fl. 1 and Fl. 4 B. are silent. The piano (Hp.) plays a rhythmic accompaniment of eighth notes in the right hand and chords in the left hand. The harp (Hp.) plays a similar accompaniment. The second system covers measures 54, 55, 56, and 57. In measure 54, all four flutes (Fl. 1, 2, 3 A., and 4 B.) play a complex, rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Fl. 1 and Fl. 4 B. start on G4, while Fl. 2 and Fl. 3 A. start on F#4. The piano and harp continue their accompaniment. Dynamics like 'f' (forte) are indicated for the flute parts in the second system.

55

Fl. 1

mf

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

f

Fl. 4 B.

55

Hp.

glissando

This musical score shows measures 55 through 58. Measures 55 and 56 are for the four flutes (Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Fl. 3 A., Fl. 4 B.) and the harp (Hp.). Flute 1 plays a melody starting on G4, marked *mf*. Flute 3 A. plays a similar melody starting on F#4, marked *f*. The harp plays a glissando from G4 to F#3. Measures 57 and 58 are for the harp, which continues the glissando and then plays a series of chords.

56 *la mélodie en dehors*

Hp.

mf

3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

Fl. 4 B.

58

Hp.

58

Fa

58

2. Sirocco

10
60

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

This system contains measures 10 through 60 of the piece. It features five staves: Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Fl. 3 A., Fl. 4 B., and Hp. The Fl. 1 staff has a whole rest in measure 10, followed by a half note G4, a quarter note F#4, and a quarter note E4 in measure 60. Fl. 2 has a half note G4 in measure 10, followed by a half note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 60. Fl. 3 A. has a half note G4 in measure 10, followed by a half note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 60. Fl. 4 B. has a half note G4 in measure 10, followed by a half note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 60. The Hp. staff has a complex melodic line in measure 10, followed by a half note G4, a quarter note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 60. The Hp. staff also features a complex melodic line in measure 60, followed by a half note G4, a quarter note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4.

62

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

This system contains measures 62 through 124 of the piece. It features five staves: Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Fl. 3 A., Fl. 4 B., and Hp. The Fl. 1 staff has a half note G4 in measure 62, followed by a half note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 124. Fl. 2 has a half note G4 in measure 62, followed by a half note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 124. Fl. 3 A. has a half note G4 in measure 62, followed by a half note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 124. Fl. 4 B. has a half note G4 in measure 62, followed by a half note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 124. The Hp. staff has a complex melodic line in measure 62, followed by a half note G4, a quarter note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4 in measure 124. The Hp. staff also features a complex melodic line in measure 124, followed by a half note G4, a quarter note F#4, a quarter note E4, and a quarter note D4.

2. Sirocco

11

[illegible]

66 *accel.* $\text{♩} = 60$

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

f *accel.* *f* *accel.* *f*

glissando

mp *Fa#*

2. Sirocco

12
68

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

68

Hp.

p la mélodie en dehors

70

Fl. 1

comme un écho

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

70

Hp.

Réb + La#

2. Sirocco

13

72 *poco rit.*

Fl. 1 *comme un écho* *poco rit.* *mf*

Fl. 2 *mf*

Fl. 3 A. *poco rit.* *mf*

Fl. 4 B. *poco rit.* *mf*

Hp. *poco rit.* *mf*

74 **Tempo primo**

Fl. 1 *mf* **Tempo primo**

Fl. 2 *mf* **Tempo primo**

Fl. 3 A. *mf* **Tempo primo**

Fl. 4 B. *f* **Tempo primo**

Hp. *p* **Tempo primo**

2. Sirocco

14
77

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

mf

mf

mf

f

3

3

3

3

Ré₄ La₄

81 *sans rallentir*

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3 A.

Fl. 4 B.

Hp.

mp

mp

mp

mp

mf

sans rallentir

sans rallentir

sans rallentir

sans rallentir

sans rallentir

81

8vb-----

3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest

Porteur d'EAU en gouttelettes,
tu viens apaiser une nature assoiffée,
purifiant en passant l'air de ses poussières fines.

Parfois, ta lutte avec le feu
peut être enragée et destructrice,
jusqu'à ce que tes pleurs en cascade
finissent par faire fuir la foudre.

Alors,
tes rivières poussent les fleuves à s'unir à la mer.

Motif-clé :

Le motif repris du thème général est le suivant :



Ce mouvement ascendant devrait être compris en quelque sorte comme le « balayage » par le vent. Il se déforme ensuite, pour devenir franchement menaçant.

Dans notre conscience ce motif va s'imprégner sous une forme plus noble :



Après la pluie, la fin de la pièce voit le motif apparaître en sens inverse.

Notes pour l'interprétation :

❑ Flûtistes :

1. Notes justes, pas de quarts de tons
2. Trilles en ton entier. A la fin, un arrêt, pour reprendre le souffle avant la note finale en « piano »
3. Flatter habituel, plutôt doux
4. A fin 61/62 : le piccolo représente l'éclair de la foudre, puis la flûte 1 (ou une autre personne) donne très rapidement un coup très fort et sec sur un tambour ou un bois creux, en même temps que la harpe (notes basses)
5. La pluie, représentée par une série de 12 demi-tons est à interpréter très librement, comme des gouttes dont le rythme est aléatoire. Dans les mesures 77 à 79 chaque instrumentiste continue sa série en staccato dans le rythme qui lui semble le plus adapté à l'idée jusqu'à ce que la harpe fait entendre deux glissandos descendants de valeur d'un temps (noire pointée).

❑ Harpiste :

- Les glissandos dans les dernières cordes (mesures 11-13, 15-16, 62-63) contrefont le grondement du tonnerre dans le lointain. L'interprétation est simplement esquissée, donc totalement libre.
- Fin mesure 61, le piccolo émet une suite rapide de sons dans l'aigu, symbolisant un « éclair », qui doit être suivi immédiatement d'un « coup de tonnerre sec » à la mesure 62 (on peut en même temps frapper du pied !).
- Dès 65, imiter des petites gouttes de pluie.

3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest

Jean Froidevaux

Partition en ut

$\text{♩} = \text{c.120}$

Piccolo

Flûte 1

Flûte 2

Flûte Alto en Sol

Harpe

Ad lib.

Sib, Do, Réb,
Mi, Fa#, Sol, La

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

4

4

p

accel.

cresc.

accel.

cresc.

accel.

cresc.

accel.

cresc.

[illegible]

This musical score is for the piece "Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest". It features a woodwind section with Piccolo (Picc.), Flute 1 (Fl. 1), Flute 2 (Fl. 2), and Flute Alto (Fl. Alt.), and a Harp (Hpe).

First System (Measures 13-15):

- Picc., Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Fl. Alt.:** All four instruments play a melodic line starting at measure 13. The Piccolo and Flute 1 parts are marked *p* (piano). The Flute 2 and Flute Alto parts are also marked *p*. The melodic line is characterized by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a trill-like figure in the Piccolo and Flute 1 parts at the end of the phrase.
- Harp (Hpe):** The harp is silent in measures 13 and 14. In measure 15, it enters with a *mf* (mezzo-forte) accompaniment, consisting of a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a corresponding bass line in the left hand.

Second System (Measures 16-18):

- Picc., Fl. 1, Fl. 2, Fl. Alt.:** The woodwind section continues its melodic line. The Piccolo and Flute 1 parts are marked *mf* (mezzo-forte). The Flute 2 and Flute Alto parts are also marked *mf*. The melodic line is characterized by a series of eighth and sixteenth notes, with a trill-like figure in the Piccolo and Flute 1 parts at the end of the phrase.
- Harp (Hpe):** The harp continues its *mf* accompaniment, consisting of a series of eighth notes in the right hand and a corresponding bass line in the left hand.

19

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

cresc. accel.

cresc. accel.

accel. cresc.

cresc. accel.

22

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

ff

ff

ff

ff

♩. = c.126)

25

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

29

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

29 Le thème en dehors

This musical score is for a piece titled '3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest'. It is a page from a larger score, as indicated by the page number '5' in the top right. The score is written for a woodwind and string ensemble. The instruments listed on the left are Piccolo (Picc.), Flute 1 (Fl. 1), Flute 2 (Fl. 2), Flute Alto (Fl. Alt.), and Harp (Hpe). The score is divided into two systems. The first system starts at measure 25 and ends at measure 28. The second system starts at measure 29 and ends at measure 31. The key signature is one flat (B-flat), and the time signature is common time (C). The tempo is marked as '♩. = c.126)'. The dynamics are marked as 'mf' (mezzo-forte). The Piccolo part has a rest in measure 25. The Flute 1 part has a rest in measure 25. The Flute 2 part has a rest in measure 25. The Flute Alto part has a rest in measure 25. The Harp part has a rest in measure 25. In measure 29, the Flute 2 part has a rest. The Flute Alto part has a rest. The Harp part has a rest. The text 'Le thème en dehors' is written above the Harp part in measure 29.

A musical staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The staff contains a series of eighth notes, each with a different sharp symbol (#) above it, indicating a glissando effect. The notes are: G#4, A#4, B#4, C#5, D#5, E#5, F#5, G#5, A#5, B#5, C#6, D#6, E#6, F#6, G#6, A#6, B#6, C#7, D#7, E#7, F#7, G#7, A#7, B#7, C#8, D#8, E#8, F#8, G#8, A#8, B#8, C#9, D#9, E#9, F#9, G#9, A#9, B#9, C#10, D#10, E#10, F#10, G#10, A#10, B#10, C#11, D#11, E#11, F#11, G#11, A#11, B#11, C#12, D#12, E#12, F#12, G#12, A#12, B#12, C#13, D#13, E#13, F#13, G#13, A#13, B#13, C#14, D#14, E#14, F#14, G#14, A#14, B#14, C#15, D#15, E#15, F#15, G#15, A#15, B#15, C#16, D#16, E#16, F#16, G#16, A#16, B#16, C#17, D#17, E#17, F#17, G#17, A#17, B#17, C#18, D#18, E#18, F#18, G#18, A#18, B#18, C#19, D#19, E#19, F#19, G#19, A#19, B#19, C#20, D#20, E#20, F#20, G#20, A#20, B#20, C#21, D#21, E#21, F#21, G#21, A#21, B#21, C#22, D#22, E#22, F#22, G#22, A#22, B#22, C#23, D#23, E#23, F#23, G#23, A#23, B#23, C#24, D#24, E#24, F#24, G#24, A#24, B#24, C#25, D#25, E#25, F#25, G#25, A#25, B#25, C#26, D#26, E#26, F#26, G#26, A#26, B#26, C#27, D#27, E#27, F#27, G#27, A#27, B#27, C#28, D#28, E#28, F#28, G#28, A#28, B#28, C#29, D#29, E#29, F#29, G#29, A#29, B#29, C#30, D#30, E#30, F#30, G#30, A#30, B#30, C#31, D#31, E#31, F#31, G#31, A#31, B#31, C#32, D#32, E#32, F#32, G#32, A#32, B#32, C#33, D#33, E#33, F#33, G#33, A#33, B#33, C#34, D#34, E#34, F#34, G#34, A#34, B#34, C#35, D#35, E#35, F#35, G#35, A#35, B#35, C#36, D#36, E#36, F#36, G#36, A#36, B#36, C#37, D#37, E#37, F#37, G#37, A#37, B#37, C#38, D#38, E#38, F#38, G#38, A#38, B#38, C#39, D#39, E#39, F#39, G#39, A#39, B#39, C#40, D#40, E#40, F#40, G#40, A#40, B#40, C#41, D#41, E#41, F#41, G#41, A#41, B#41, C#42, D#42, E#42, F#42, G#42, A#42, B#42, C#43, D#43, E#43, F#43, G#43, A#43, B#43, C#44, D#44, E#44, F#44, G#44, A#44, B#44, C#45, D#45, E#45, F#45, G#45, A#45, B#45, C#46, D#46, E#46, F#46, G#46, A#46, B#46, C#47, D#47, E#47, F#47, G#47, A#47, B#47, C#48, D#48, E#48, F#48, G#48, A#48, B#48, C#49, D#49, E#49, F#49, G#49, A#49, B#49, C#50, D#50, E#50, F#50, G#50, A#50, B#50, C#51, D#51, E#51, F#51, G#51, A#51, B#51, C#52, D#52, E#52, F#52, G#52, A#52, B#52, C#53, D#53, E#53, F#53, G#53, A#53, B#53, C#54, D#54, E#54, F#54, G#54, A#54, B#54, C#55, D#55, E#55, F#55, G#55, A#55, B#55, C#56, D#56, E#56, F#56, G#56, A#56, B#56, C#57, D#57, E#57, F#57, G#57, A#57, B#57, C#58, D#58, E#58, F#58, G#58, A#58, B#58, C#59, D#59, E#59, F#59, G#59, A#59, B#59, C#60, D#60, E#60, F#60, G#60, A#60, B#60, C#61, D#61, E#61, F#61, G#61, A#61, B#61, C#62, D#62, E#62, F#62, G#62, A#62, B#62, C#63, D#63, E#63, F#63, G#63, A#63, B#63, C#64, D#64, E#64, F#64, G#64, A#64, B#64, C#65, D#65, E#65, F#65, G#65, A#65, B#65, C#66, D#66, E#66, F#66, G#66, A#66, B#66, C#67, D#67, E#67, F#67, G#67, A#67, B#67, C#68, D#68, E#68, F#68, G#68, A#68, B#68, C#69, D#69, E#69, F#69, G#69, A#69, B#69, C#70, D#70, E#70, F#70, G#70, A#70, B#70, C#71, D#71, E#71, F#71, G#71, A#71, B#71, C#72, D#72, E#72, F#72, G#72, A#72, B#72, C#73, D#73, E#73, F#73, G#73, A#73, B#73, C#74, D#74, E#74, F#74, G#74, A#74, B#74, C#75, D#75, E#75, F#75, G#75, A#75, B#75, C#76, D#76, E#76, F#76, G#76, A#76, B#76, C#77, D#77, E#77, F#77, G#77, A#77, B#77, C#78, D#78, E#78, F#78, G#78, A#78, B#78, C#79, D#79, E#79, F#79, G#79, A#79, B#79, C#80, D#80, E#80, F#80, G#80, A#80, B#80, C#81, D#81, E#81, F#81, G#81, A#81, B#81, C#82, D#82, E#82, F#82, G#82, A#82, B#82, C#83, D#83, E#83, F#83, G#83, A#83, B#83, C#84, D#84, E#84, F#84, G#84, A#84, B#84, C#85, D#85, E#85, F#85, G#85, A#85, B#85, C#86, D#86, E#86, F#86, G#86, A#86, B#86, C#87, D#87, E#87, F#87, G#87, A#87, B#87, C#88, D#88, E#88, F#88, G#88, A#88, B#88, C#89, D#89, E#89, F#89, G#89, A#89, B#89, C#90, D#90, E#90, F#90, G#90, A#90, B#90, C#91, D#91, E#91, F#91, G#91, A#91, B#91, C#92, D#92, E#92, F#92, G#92, A#92, B#92, C#93, D#93, E#93, F#93, G#93, A#93, B#93, C#94, D#94, E#94, F#94, G#94, A#94, B#94, C#95, D#95, E#95, F#95, G#95, A#95, B#95, C#96, D#96, E#96, F#96, G#96, A#96, B#96, C#97, D#97, E#97, F#97, G#97, A#97, B#97, C#98, D#98, E#98, F#98, G#98, A#98, B#98, C#99, D#99, E#99, F#99, G#99, A#99, B#99, C#100, D#100, E#100, F#100, G#100, A#100, B#100, C#101, D#101, E#101, F#101, G#101, A#101, B#101, C#102, D#102, E#102, F#102, G#102, A#102, B#102, C#103, D#103, E#103, F#103, G#103, A#103, B#103, C#104, D#104, E#104, F#104, G#104, A#104, B#104, C#105, D#105, E#105, F#105, G#105, A#105, B#105, C#106, D#106, E#106, F#106, G#106, A#106, B#106, C#107, D#107, E#107, F#107, G#107, A#107, B#107, C#108, D#108, E#108, F#108, G#108, A#108, B#108, C#109, D#109, E#109, F#109, G#109, A#109, B#109, C#110, D#110, E#110, F#110, G#110, A#110, B#110, C#111, D#111, E#111, F#111, G#111, A#111, B#111, C#112, D#112, E#112, F#112, G#112, A#112, B#112, C#113, D#113, E#113, F#113, G#113, A#113, B#113, C#114, D#114, E#114, F#114, G#114, A#114, B#114, C#115, D#115, E#115, F#115, G#115, A#115, B#115, C#116, D#116, E#116, F#116, G#116, A#116, B#116, C#117, D#117, E#11

36

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

f

f

39

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

f

f

Ré ♭

Larghe (♩ = c. 120)

Measures 42-45:

- Picc.**: Measure 42 has a whole rest. Measures 43-44 play sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 45 has a solo with high notes and a final chord.
- Fl. 1**: Measures 42-44 play sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 45 has a whole rest.
- Fl. 2**: Measures 42-44 play sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 45 has a whole rest.
- Fl. Alt.**: Measures 42-44 play sixteenth-note patterns. Measure 45 has a whole rest.
- Hpe**: Measures 42-44 play chords. Measure 45 has a final chord.

Measures 45-48:

- Picc.**: Measures 45-48 play sixteenth-note patterns.
- Fl. 1**: Measures 45-48 play sixteenth-note patterns.
- Fl. 2**: Measures 45-48 play sixteenth-note patterns.
- Fl. Alt.**: Measures 45-48 play sixteenth-note patterns.
- Hpe**: Measures 45-48 play chords.

48 **Presto** ♩ = 132

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mf

mf

Ré_b

51

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mf

mf

53

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mf

f

Measures 53-54. Piccolo and Flute 1 have trills. Flute 2 and Flute Alto enter with a melody at measure 54. Harp plays a descending scale in measure 53 and chords in measure 54.

55

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

Measures 55-56. Piccolo, Flute 1, Flute 2, and Flute Alto play a complex melodic pattern. Harp plays chords and single notes.

57

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

Measures 57-58. Piccolo, Flute 1, Flute 2, and Flute Alto play rapid sixteenth-note passages. Harp provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and single notes.

59

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

8^{va}

Measures 59-60. Piccolo, Flute 1, Flute 2, and Flute Alto play rapid sixteenth-note passages. Harp provides a harmonic accompaniment with chords and triplets. Flute 1 has an octave mark (8^{va}) above measure 60.

(8^{va})

61

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

fff

coup sec sur un tambour

fff

étouffer

ad libitum

mp

Ré^b
Sol[#] La[#]

sec

ff

Gliss.

♩ = c. 96)

65

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mp

mp

mp

mp

69

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

72

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

accel.

[illegible]

$\text{♩} = \text{c.112}$
 77 continuer librement la série en staccato décalée par rapport aux autres pendant trois mesures
 Picc. *cresc.*
 continuer librement la série en staccato décalée par rapport aux autres pendant trois mesures
 Fl. 1 *cresc.*
 continuer librement la série en staccato décalée par rapport aux autres pendant trois mesures
 Fl. 2 *cresc.*
 continuer librement la série en staccato décalée par rapport aux autres pendant trois mesures
 Fl. Alt. *cresc.*
 77
 Hpe

[illegible][illegible]

This musical score page contains measures 82 and 83 of the piece "Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest". The instrumentation includes Piccolo (Picc.), Flute 1 (Fl. 1), Flute 2 (Fl. 2), Flute Alto (Fl. Alt.), and Harp (Hpe).

Measure 82:

- Picc.** and **Fl. 1** play a descending eighth-note scale: Bb4, Ab4, Gb4, F4, Eb4, D4.
- Fl. 2** and **Fl. Alt.** play a descending eighth-note scale: Bb4, Ab4, Gb4, F4, Eb4, D4.
- Hpe** features a complex texture with triplets and glissandos. The right hand plays a triplet of eighth notes (Bb4, Ab4, Gb4) followed by a glissando down to a triplet of eighth notes (F4, Eb4, D4). The left hand plays a triplet of eighth notes (Bb4, Ab4, Gb4) followed by a glissando down to a triplet of eighth notes (F4, Eb4, D4). The measure ends with a "Fa" chord (F4, Ab4, Bb4).

Measure 83:

- Picc.** and **Fl. 1** play a descending eighth-note scale: Bb4, Ab4, Gb4, F4, Eb4, D4.
- Fl. 2** and **Fl. Alt.** play a descending eighth-note scale: Bb4, Ab4, Gb4, F4, Eb4, D4.
- Hpe** features a complex texture with triplets and glissandos. The right hand plays a triplet of eighth notes (Bb4, Ab4, Gb4) followed by a glissando down to a triplet of eighth notes (F4, Eb4, D4). The left hand plays a triplet of eighth notes (Bb4, Ab4, Gb4) followed by a glissando down to a triplet of eighth notes (F4, Eb4, D4). The measure ends with a "Fa" chord (F4, Ab4, Bb4).

The score includes dynamic markings such as *ff* (fortissimo) and *Glissando*. The key signature is Bb major (two flats).

86

Picc. *f*

Fl. 1 *f*

Fl. 2 *f*

Fl. Alt. *f*

Hpe

La $\flat$ *f*

Sol $\flat$

89

Picc. *mf*

Fl. 1 *mf*

Fl. 2 *mf*

Fl. Alt. *mf*

Hpe

92

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

p

p

p

p

94

Picc.

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

f

f

f

f

p

p

p

p

4. Brise de Zéphyr

Comme une douce caresse sur la peau,
ton souffle nous charme et nous parle d'amour
tendre et éternel.

Ton AIR est rempli de senteurs paradisiaques
qui nous enveloppent d'un manteau de lys.
Espiègle, tu taquines les papillons
à la recherche de leur double en les faisant tourbillonner.

Né quelque part entre l'Olympe et la mer Egée,
tu es le témoin de la présence
permanente et discrète
du souffle de l'Esprit.

Motif-clé :

Le motif repris du thème général est le suivant :



Dans sa forme rythmée, ce mouvement ascendant doit exprimer la joie, la douceur et la légèreté. Le motif global est repris vers la fin.

Notes pour l'interprétation :

❑ Flûtistes :

1. Notes justes, pas de quarts de tons
2. Trilles en ton entier.
3. Effet spécial : le « smorzato » :



4. Flûte 1 prend le piccolo dès la mesure 134 et jusqu'à la mesure 167. Peu importe si le changement de flûte dépasse un peu la mesure 170.
5. La fin de la pièce est douce et tranquille : le vent s'est apaisé !

❑ Harpe :

La partie de harpe est ici très importante. Mis à part le motif de danse grecque, c'est elle qui représente la « brise » coulante et caressante.

139

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

f

f

f

f

f

142

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mf

p

mf

p

mf

p

mf

p

Fa #

Do #

Tempo primo ♩ = 144

145

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

*mf*⁴

*mf*⁴

*mf*⁴

*mf*⁴

mf

Sol #

mf

149

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

tr

tr

tr

tr

tr

tr

153

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

157

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

160

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

4 4

4 4

4 4

4 4

4

4

163

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mf

mf

mf

mf

mf

Sol

Do

166

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

Si b Mi b

Flûte sopr.

p

170

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

p

mf

p

mf

p

p

Mi b

174

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

Measures 174-177. Fl. 1 plays a melodic line with slurs. Fl. 2, 3, and Alt. play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Hpe provides harmonic support with chords and single notes.

178

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mf

mf

f

mf

Measures 178-181. Fl. 1 plays a melodic line with slurs. Fl. 2, 3, and Alt. play a rhythmic pattern of eighth notes. Hpe provides harmonic support with chords and single notes. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*.

182

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

186

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

p

p

p

f

8va

MI #

4

4

4

4

194

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

194

200

mf

mp

trill

5

Mi

197

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

p *mf* *f*

201

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mf *f* *mf* *f* *Fa #*

204

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

mf

f

mf

f

Fa $\flat$ Sol # Ré $\flat$

Detailed description: This system covers measures 204 to 206. The woodwinds (Fl. 1, 2, 3, and Fl. Alt.) play melodic lines with slurs and ties. Dynamics include *mf* and *f*. The harp (Hpe) provides accompaniment with chords labeled Fa $\flat$, Sol #, and Ré $\flat$.

207

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

f

mf

f

mf

4

Detailed description: This system covers measures 207 to 209. The woodwinds continue their melodic lines. Dynamics include *f* and *mf*. The harp (Hpe) accompaniment includes a trill marked with a '4' in measure 209.

210

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

210

4

4

4

Sol

4

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

217

mf

mf

mf

mf

f

mf

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

221

mf

mf

mf

f

mf

225

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

Ré b

Mi b

Ré

Mi

229

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

rit. poco a poco

mf

(♩. = c. 90)

sans attaque, comme un souffle

233

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

p sans attaque, comme un souffle

p sans attaque, comme un souffle

p sans attaque, comme un souffle

p sans attaque, comme un souffle

mf

arpèges lents

p

238

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

Fl. 3

Fl. Alt.

Hpe

pp

pp

pp

p

pp

ppp

p

Aux quatre coins du vent

Flûte sopr. 1
Flûte sopr. 2

1. Mistral

Jean Froidevaux

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120)

System 1 (Measures 1-11): First staff: *p*, *mf*, *f*. Second staff: *p*, *mf*.

System 2 (Measures 12-22): Marking: *Flutter*. Dynamics: *p*, *mf*.

System 3 (Measures 23-27): Marking: *Flutter*. Dynamics: *mf*. Includes triplets.

System 4 (Measures 28-31): Marking: *accel.*. Dynamics: *f*. Includes triplets.

System 5 (Measures 32-35): Dynamics: *ff*. Includes triplets.

2

Tempo primo

1. Mistral

36

3

Tempo primo *mf*

3

mf

Slap "claquement des dents"

43

Slap "claquement des dents"

f

f

49

Slap

Slap

f

f

53

ff

mf

3 3 3 3 3 3

58

3 3 3 3 3

mf

62

f

f

69

Two staves of music. The top staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. It contains measures 69-74. The bottom staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. It contains measures 69-74. Both staves feature complex rhythmic patterns with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings include *mf* (mezzo-forte) in both staves.

75

Two staves of music. The top staff contains measures 75-79. The bottom staff contains measures 75-79. Both staves feature complex rhythmic patterns with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) in both staves.

80

Two staves of music. The top staff contains measures 80-83. The bottom staff contains measures 80-83. Both staves feature complex rhythmic patterns with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) in both staves.

84

Two staves of music. The top staff contains measures 84-87. The bottom staff contains measures 84-87. Both staves feature complex rhythmic patterns with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings include *f* (forte) in both staves.

88

Two staves of music. The top staff contains measures 88-92. The bottom staff contains measures 88-92. Both staves feature complex rhythmic patterns with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings include *mf* (mezzo-forte), *ff* (fortissimo), and *f* (forte) in both staves.

93

Two staves of music. The top staff contains measures 93-97. The bottom staff contains measures 93-97. Both staves feature complex rhythmic patterns with many beamed sixteenth and thirty-second notes. Dynamic markings include *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *p* (piano) in both staves.

Flûte 1 soprano
Flûte 2 soprano

2. Sirocco du Sahara

Jean Froidevaux

Lent $\text{♩} = 60$

6

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

p

15

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

20

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

23

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

tr

mf

34

Fl. 1

Fl. 2

accel.

2. Sirocco

2

Fl. 1 38 *f* *poco rit.* *rit.*

Fl. 2 *f* *poco rit.* *rit.*

Fl. 1 42 *a tempo* *p* *mf*

Fl. 2 *a tempo*

A l'orientale

Fl. 1 47 *p*

Fl. 2

Fl. 1 49 *f*

Fl. 2 *f*

Fl. 1 51

Fl. 2

Fl. 1 54 *f* *mf*

Fl. 2 *f*

3

[illegible]

Piccolo
+
Flûte sopr. 1

3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest

Jean Froidevaux

$\text{♩} = c.120$

Picc. *p*

Fl. *p*

5 *accel.* *cresc.*

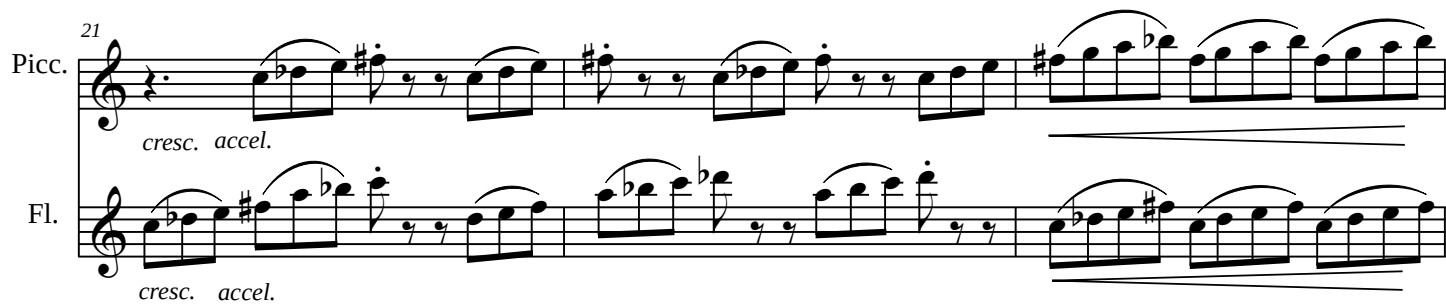
8 *f*

11 *Flutterz.* $\text{♩} = c.126$ *p* *f*

15 *mf*

Picc. 21
cresc. accel.

Fl.
cresc. accel.



Picc. 24
ff

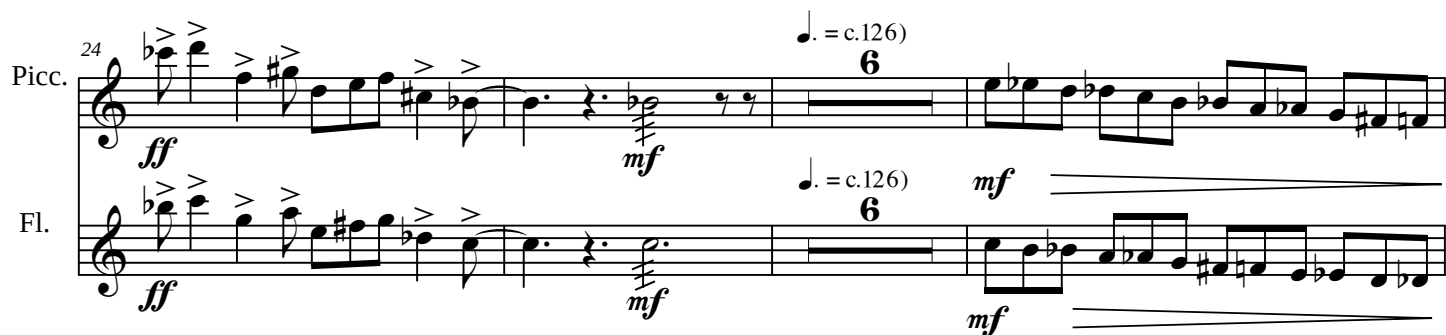
Fl.
ff

$\text{♩} = c.126$
6

$\text{♩} = c.126$
6

mf

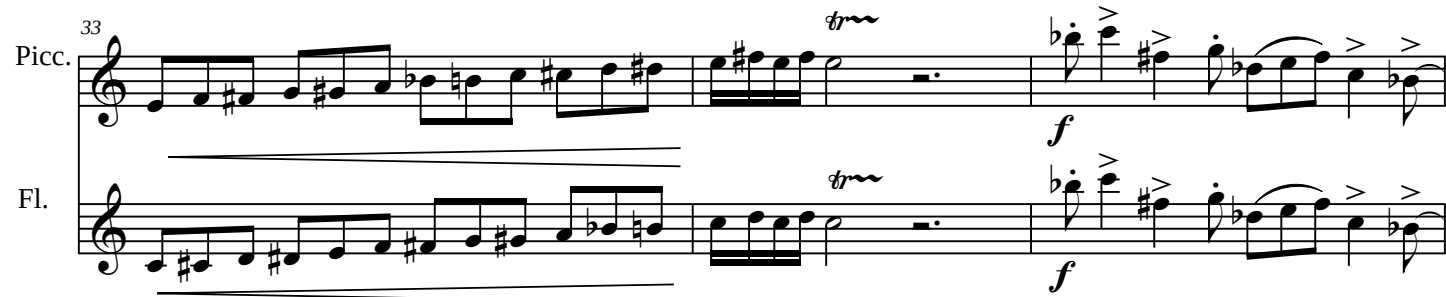
mf



Picc. 33

Fl.
f

f



Picc. 36

Fl.
f



Picc. 41

Fl.



Large ($\text{♩} = c.120$)

Picc. 44
ff

Fl.
ff



50 **Presto** ♩ = 132

Picc. *mf*

Fl. *mf*

53

Picc. *tr*

Fl. *tr*

57 *cresc.*

Picc. *cresc.*

Fl. *cresc.*

60 *8va-*

Picc. *fff*

Fl. *fff*

coup sec sur un tambour

♩ = c. 96)

63 *mp*

Picc. *mp*

Fl. *mp*

71 *accel.*

Picc. *accel.*

Fl. *accel.*

This musical score is for the Piccolo (Picc.) and Flute (Fl.) parts of a piece titled '3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest'. The tempo is marked 'Presto' with a metronome indication of ♩ = 132. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The score is divided into systems, with measures 50, 53, 57, 60, 63, and 71 marked at the beginning of their respective systems. The Piccolo part starts with a rest in measure 50, then enters with a melodic line. The Flute part also starts with a rest in measure 50, then enters with a similar melodic line. Both parts feature dynamic markings such as *mf* (mezzo-forte), *cresc.* (crescendo), *fff* (fortissimo), and *mp* (mezzo-piano). There are also trills marked with 'tr' and a section marked '8va-' (octave up). A specific instruction 'coup sec sur un tambour' (sharp cut on a drum) is written above the Flute staff in measure 60. The score concludes with an 'accel.' (accelerando) marking in measure 71.

3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest

Série

♩. = c.112)

continuer librement la série en staccato décalée

Picc. 75

Fl. 3

12/8

Série

♩. = c.112)

continuer librement la série en staccato décalée

Picc. 78 par rapport aux autres pendant 3 mesures

Fl. par rapport aux autres pendant 3 mesures

2

Picc. 82

Fl. *ff*

Picc. 86 *f* *mf*

Fl. *f* *mf*

Picc. 90

Fl.

Picc. 93 *p* *f* *p*

Fl. *p* *f* *p*

4. Brise de Zéphyr

Flûte 1 sopr.

Flûte 2 sopr.

Jean Froidevaux

Très fluide ♩. = 144

The musical score is written for two flutes in soprano clef. It begins in 9/8 time with a tempo of 144 beats per minute. The first system (measures 1-12) features a melodic line with a 9-measure rest followed by a series of eighth notes, marked *p* (piano). The second system (measures 13-26) continues the melodic line, marked *mf* (mezzo-forte), and includes a 2-measure rest. The third system (measures 27-32) shows a change in rhythm with groups of four eighth notes and a 3-measure rest. The fourth system (measures 33-36) continues with similar rhythmic patterns. The fifth system (measures 37-48) features more complex rhythmic figures, including groups of four eighth notes and a 4-measure rest. The score concludes with a final melodic phrase in the fifth system.

40

ff

p

p

45

$\text{♩} = 132$

7

10

7

10

($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 90$)

65

mf

poco a poco accel.

mf

poco a poco accel.

($\text{♩} = 120$)

71

p

p

78

mf

ff

mf

ff

Tempo primo $\text{♩} = 144$

The musical score is for a piece titled '4. Brise de Zéphir'. It is a two-staff work, likely for piano. The score is divided into systems, with measures 40, 45, 65, 71, and 78 marked at the beginning of their respective systems. The key signature has one flat (B-flat). The time signature changes from 4/4 to 3/8 at measure 45. The score includes various musical notations: slurs, ties, accents, and dynamic markings. The dynamics range from *ff* (fortissimo) to *mf* (mezzo-forte) and *p* (piano). There are also tempo markings: 'Tempo primo' at measure 78 and 'poco a poco accel.' (poco a poco accelerando) at measures 65 and 78. The piece concludes with a final tempo marking of $\text{♩} = 144$.

4. Brise de Zéphir

3

84

3

91

f

95

$\text{♩} = 132$

mf

102

Un peu plus lent ($\text{♩} = \text{c. } 120$)

109

13

128

attention : piccolo !

f

133

avec piccolo :

f

mf

138

f

f

tr

tr

141

mf

mf

tr

tr

Tempo primo ♩. = 144

144

p

p

mf

mf

tr

tr

149

f

3

4

156

4

4

4

4

159

4

4

4

4

f

163

mf

mf

167

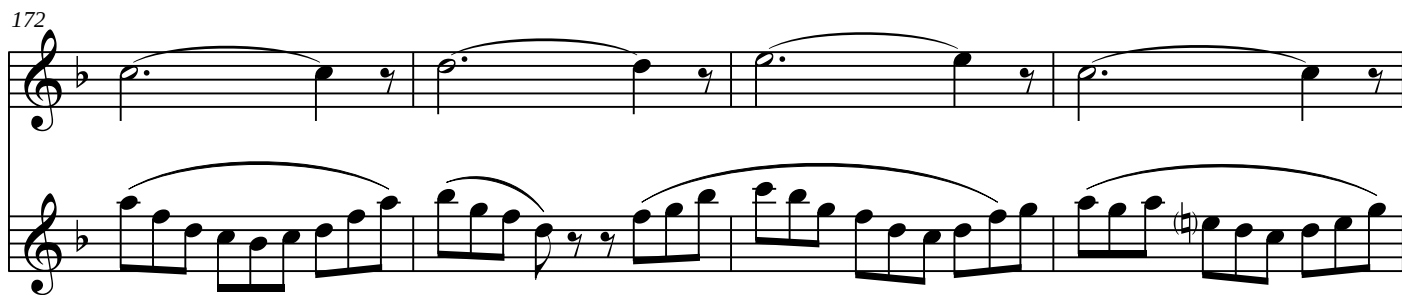
Flûte sopr.

p

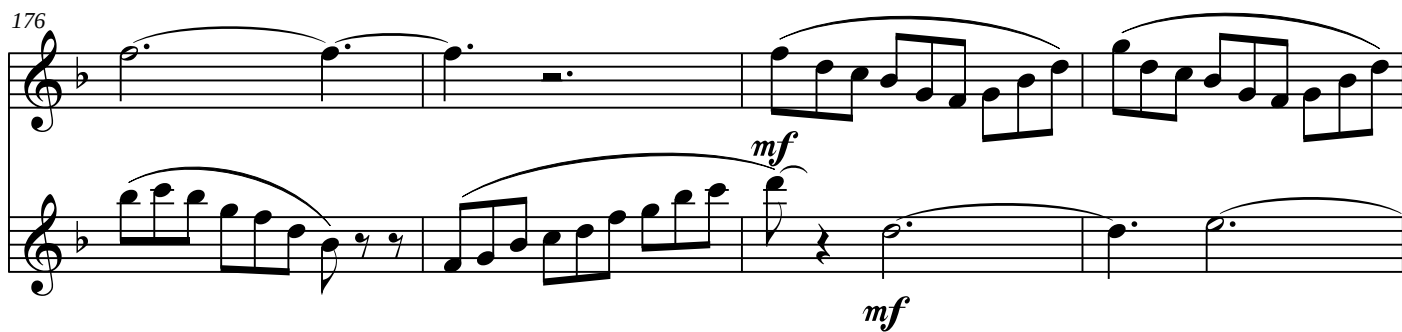
p

mf

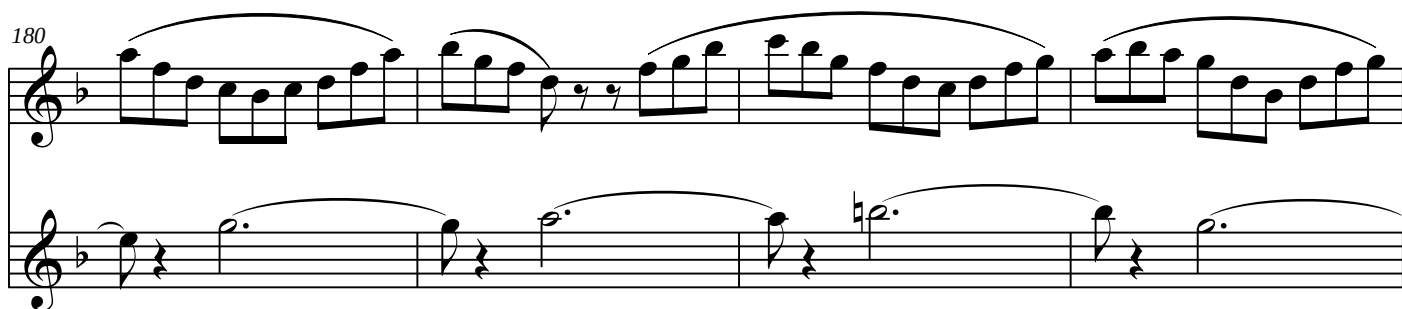
172



176



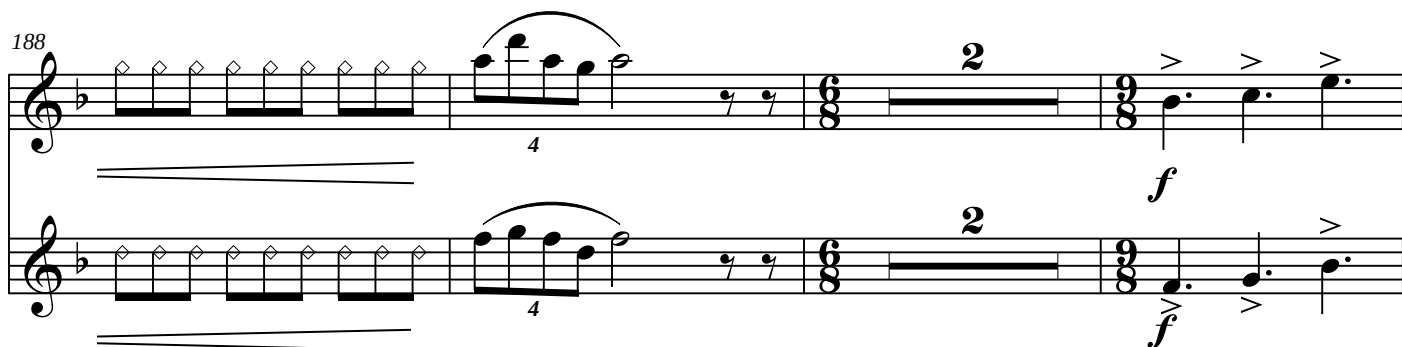
180



184



188



4. Brise de Zéphir

7

193

5

5

mf

f

196

mp

p

mf

f

200

mf

f

f

mf

204

mf

f

f

mf

208

f

f

216

mf

mf

221

mf

mf

226

rit. poco a poco

231

rit. poco a poco

(♩. = c. 90)

235

p *pp*

sans attaque, comme un souffle

p *pp*

Aux quatre coins du vent

Flûte sopr. 3
Flûte sopr. 4

1. Mistral

Jean Froidevaux

The musical score is written for two flutes (soprano 3 and 4) in 3/4 time. It consists of five systems of music, with measure numbers 11, 21, 27, and 31 indicating the start of new sections.

System 1 (Measures 1-10): Both flutes play a melody starting with a half note G4, followed by quarter notes A4, B4, and C5. The first staff has a dynamic marking of *p* and the second staff has a dynamic marking of *mf*. Both staves have a *2* above the first measure, indicating a second ending or a specific fingering.

System 2 (Measures 11-20): The first staff is marked *Flatter* and the second staff is marked *Flatter*. Both staves have a dynamic marking of *p* and a *mf* marking. The first staff has a *2* above the first measure.

System 3 (Measures 21-26): The first staff has a dynamic marking of *mf* and the second staff has a dynamic marking of *mf*. Both staves have a *2* above the first measure.

System 4 (Measures 27-30): The first staff has a dynamic marking of *f* and the second staff has a dynamic marking of *f*. Both staves have a *2* above the first measure.

System 5 (Measures 31-34): The first staff has a dynamic marking of *ff* and the second staff has a dynamic marking of *ff*. Both staves have a *2* above the first measure.

35 **Tempo primo**
3 *mf*

43 *Slap "claquement des dents"*
f

49 *Slap*
f

52 *f*
mf

56 *ff*
mf

64 *f*
mp

The musical score is written for two staves, likely representing different instruments or voices. It begins at measure 35 with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The tempo is marked 'Tempo primo' and the time signature is 3/4. The first system (measures 35-42) features a melody in the upper staff and a supporting line in the lower staff, both marked 'mf'. Measure 43 introduces a 'Slap' effect, indicated by a double bar line and the text 'Slap "claquement des dents"', with a forte 'f' dynamic. The second system (measures 43-48) continues this pattern. Measure 49 marks the start of a new section, also featuring a 'Slap' effect. The third system (measures 49-51) shows a change in the lower staff's rhythm. Measure 52 begins a new phrase with a forte 'f' dynamic in the upper staff and a mezzo-forte 'mf' dynamic in the lower staff. The fourth system (measures 52-55) contains a long, flowing melodic line in the upper staff. Measure 56 starts a new section with a fortissimo 'ff' dynamic in both staves. The fifth system (measures 56-63) continues this intense passage. Measure 64 begins the final system shown, with a forte 'f' dynamic in the upper staff and a mezzo-piano 'mp' dynamic in the lower staff. The score concludes with a final cadence in measure 67.

69

Measures 69-73. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff features a melodic line with triplets and slurs. Bass staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with triplets. Dynamics: *p* (piano) at measure 70, *mf* (mezzo-forte) at measure 73.

74

Measures 74-77. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff features a melodic line with triplets and slurs. Bass staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with triplets. Dynamics: *mf* (mezzo-forte) at measure 74.

78

Measures 78-81. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff features a melodic line with triplets and slurs. Bass staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with triplets. Dynamics: *f* (forte) at measure 79.

82

Measures 82-85. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff features a melodic line with triplets and slurs. Bass staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with triplets. Dynamics: *f* (forte) at measure 83.

86

Measures 86-90. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff features a melodic line with triplets and slurs. Bass staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with triplets. Dynamics: *mf* (mezzo-forte) at measure 87, *ff* (fortissimo) at measure 90.

91

Measures 91-94. Treble and bass staves. Treble staff features a melodic line with triplets and slurs. Bass staff features a rhythmic accompaniment with triplets. Dynamics: *f* (forte) at measure 91, *mf* (mezzo-forte) at measure 92.

97

Musical score for measures 97-103. The music is in 3/4 time. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The upper staff has dynamics *mf* and *mp*. The lower staff has dynamics *mf* and *mp*.

Musical score for measures 104-108. The music is in 3/4 time. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The upper staff has a *Slap* marking. The lower staff has a *Slap* marking. The time signature changes to 3/4 at the end of measure 108.

Musical score for measures 109-114. The music is in 3/4 time. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The upper staff has dynamics *f* and *mf*. The lower staff has dynamics *f* and *mf*. The upper staff has a *Slap* marking. The time signature changes to 3/4 at the end of measure 114.

Musical score for measures 115-123. The music is in 3/4 time. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The upper staff has a *4* marking. The lower staff has a *4* marking. The time signature changes to 3/4 at the end of measure 123.

Musical score for measures 124-131. The music is in 3/4 time. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The upper staff has a *Moderato* marking and a tempo of 108. The lower staff has a *Moderato* marking and a tempo of 108. The time signature changes to 3/4 at the end of measure 131.

Musical score for measures 132-138. The music is in 3/4 time. The upper staff begins with a treble clef and a key signature of one flat. The lower staff begins with a bass clef and a key signature of one flat. The upper staff has a *rit.* marking. The lower staff has a *rit.* marking. The time signature changes to 3/4 at the end of measure 138.

Flûte 3 Alto
Flûte 4 Basse

2. Sirocco du Sahara

Jean Froidevaux

Lent ♩ = 60

Lent ♩ = 60 *p*

8

15

21

mf

26

mf

The musical score is written for two flutes: Flûte 3 Alto and Flûte 4 Basse. It is in common time (C) and marked 'Lent' with a tempo of 60 beats per minute. The score is divided into five systems. The first system shows the beginning of the piece with a piano (p) dynamic. The second system starts at measure 8. The third system starts at measure 15. The fourth system starts at measure 21 and includes triplets and a trill. The fifth system starts at measure 26 and includes a mezzo-forte (mf) dynamic. The score is written for Flûte 3 Alto and Flûte 4 Basse.

2. Sirocco

2
32

accel.

37

3 3 3

f

40

rit.

3

rit.

a tempo 2

p

a tempo 2

46

f

f

50

53

f

f

The musical score is written for piano and features a variety of rhythmic and dynamic markings. It begins with a treble and bass staff. The first system (measures 32-36) includes an 'accel.' marking. The second system (measures 37-39) features triplets and a forte (*f*) dynamic. The third system (measures 40-45) includes 'rit.' (ritardando) and 'a tempo' markings, along with a piano (*p*) dynamic. The fourth system (measures 46-49) features a forte (*f*) dynamic and a triplet. The fifth system (measures 50-52) features a forte (*f*) dynamic and a triplet. The sixth system (measures 53-55) features a forte (*f*) dynamic and a triplet.

2. Sirocco

3

55

f

3

62

accel.

3

66

f

tr

$\text{♩} = 72$

70

f

poco rit.

mf *poco rit.*

75

mf

Tempo primo

mf

f

3

80

mp

sans rallentir

mf

3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest

Jean Froidevaux

Fl. 2

Alto

Ad lib.

$\text{♩} = \text{c.120}$

p

4

Fl. 2

Alto

accel. cresc.

7

Fl. 2

Alto

10

Fl. 2

Alto

Flutterz.

$\text{♩} = \text{c.126}$

f

p

p

14

Fl. 2

Alto

mf

mf

Large (♩. = c. 120)

3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest

3

45

Fl. 2

Alto

Presto ♩ = 132

50

Fl. 2

Alto

mf

54

Fl. 2

Alto

mf

2

58

Fl. 2

Alto

60

Fl. 2

Alto

3

3

♩ = c. 96)

65

Fl. 2

Alto

mp

mp

70 *accel.*

Fl. 2

Alto

74 *accel.*

Fl. 2

Alto

Série

Série

77 *cresc.*
continuer librement la série en staccato décalée
par rapport aux autres pendant trois mesures

Fl. 2

Alto

83 *ff* *f*

Fl. 2

Alto

89 *mf*

Fl. 2

Alto

93 *p* *f* *p*

Fl. 2

Alto

p *f* *p*

4. Brise de Zéphyr

Flûtes sopr. 3 + alto

Jean Froidevaux

Très fluide ♩ = 144

Flûte 3

Flûte alto

p

p

13

sans attaque

19

mf

mf

24

mf

30

mf

36

4 4 4

39

4 4 4 4

43

p *p*

48

7 (♩. = c. 90) 2 *p* *p* (♩. = c. 90)

61

accel. poco a poco

68

accel. *p* *p* (♩. = 120)

4. Brise de Zéphir

3

74 *accel.*

mf accel.

mf

80 **Tempo primo** ♩. = 144

ff

ff

86 *f*

f

93 *mf*

mf

99

105

The musical score is written for two staves in a key of two flats (B-flat and E-flat). It begins at measure 74 with a treble clef and a key signature of two flats. The first system (measures 74-79) features a melody in the upper staff and a supporting line in the lower staff, both marked with 'mf' and 'accel.'. The second system (measures 80-85) is marked 'ff' and 'Tempo primo' with a tempo indication of a quarter note equal to 144 beats per minute. It includes a '2' time signature. The third system (measures 86-92) is marked 'f' and includes a '3' time signature. The fourth system (measures 93-98) is marked 'mf' and includes a '3' time signature. The fifth system (measures 99-104) continues the melody and accompaniment. The sixth system (measures 105-110) concludes the piece. The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, accidentals, and dynamic markings.

112

2

2 *f*

119

f

p

124

p

129

p

p

133

p

137

p

4. Brise de Zéphir

5

140

f *mf*

5 5

144

p *mf*

5 2 4 2 4

148

3 4 3 4

154

4 4 4 4 4 4

158

4 4 4 4 4 4

161

mf

mf

4. Brise de Zéphir

165

p

169

mf
p

173

p

177

f
mf

181

p

185

p
f

189

4 2

f

194

5 5 *mf* 5 *mp*

197

4 *p* *f* *p* *mf*

201

mf *f* *mf*

205

mf *f* *mf*

208

3 3 *f* *f*

215

mf

219

mf *f*

225

mf *f*

230

rit.

235

p *pp* *mf* *p*

sans attaque, comme un souffle

Aux quatre coins du vent

Harpe

1. Mistral

Jean Froidevaux

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 120) *8va*-----

Harpe

9

Si b

9

arpéger rapidement vers le haut avec l'ongle les 4-5 dernières cordes

mf

15

Hp.

accél.

arpéger rapidement vers le haut avec l'ongle

8va-----

23

Hp.

5

Fa#

5

mf

4

4

Allegro (M.M. ♩ = c. 132) *3*

36

Hp.

mf

3

40

Hp.

f

3

Hp. 44

f

3

Hp. 49

ff

mf

Si

Hp. 53

f

Do#

Do

Hp. 60

Si b

Hp. 65

3

Hp. 69

Ré

Mi

La

1. Mistral

3

73

Hp.

3

3

Ré₄ Mi₄ La₄

f

77

Hp.

glissando

arpéger rapidement vers le haut avec l'ongle

84

Hp.

f

Si₄

f

91

Hp.

Mib + Sib

95

Hp.

glissando

mf

98

Hp.

Mi₄

Mib Sib

Hp.

105 *mf*

3 3 3 5 5 5

Hp.

108

2 2 3

f

Mi

Hp.

113 *rit.*

2 3

Fa# *mf*

Hp.

119 3 3 3 3 3 3

rit. Réb

Hp.

124 **Moderato** ♩=108

Ré Fa *mf*

Hp.

131 *rit.* *mf*

2. Sirocco du Sahara

Jean Froidevaux

Lent ♩ = 60

Harpe

Do, Si, La#,
Sol, Fa, Mi
Réb

p

Hp.

La#

Ré#

Hp.

Hp.

3

3

3

3

Hp.

mf

p

comme les battements du coeur

2. Sirocco

2

Hp. 31

p

mf

Hp. 36 *accel.*

mf

poco rit.

f

Hp. 41 *a tempo*

rit.

a tempo

p

près de la table

Hp. 45

Hp. 49 *sec (étouffé)*

mf

f

Hp. 52

[1]

Hp.

Hp.

Hp.

Hp.

Hp.

Hp.

2. Sirocco

4

66 *accel.*

Hp.

glissando

mp ³ Fa#

68

Hp.

p la mélodie en dehors

70

Hp.

72

Hp.

mf Réb + La#

75

Tempo primo

Hp.

p

mf

Réb La

80

Hp.

sans rallentir

8vb

3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest

Harpe

Jean Froidevaux

♩. = c.120)

9

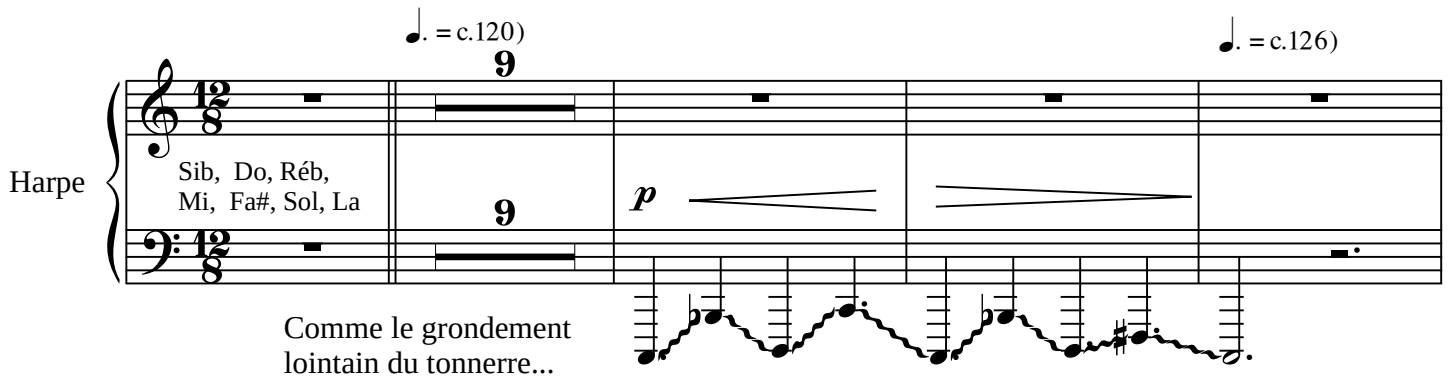
Harpe

Sib, Do, Réb,
Mi, Fa#, Sol, La

9

p

Comme le grondement
lointain du tonnerre...



14

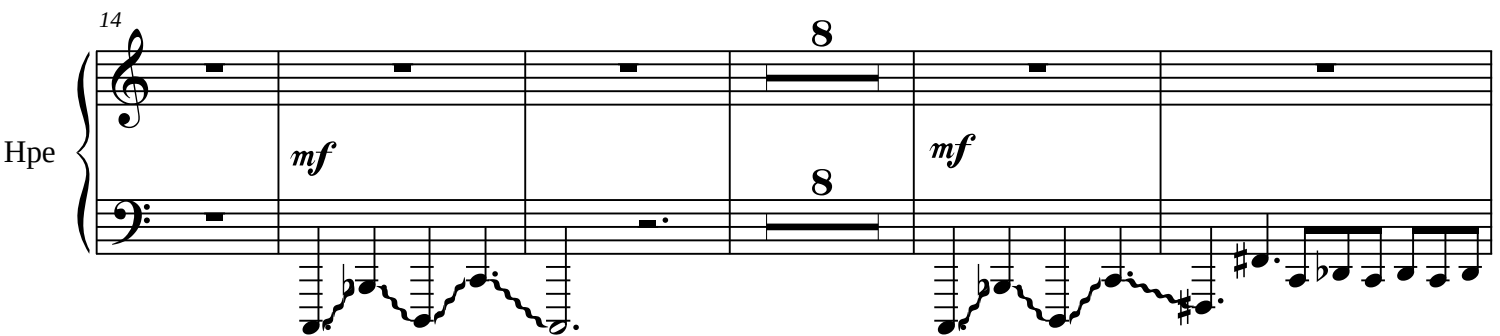
8

Hpe

mf

8

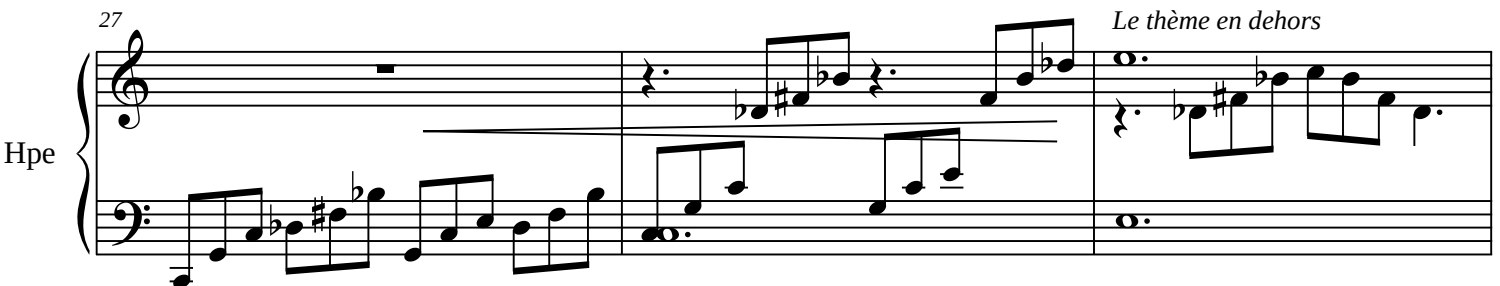
mf



27

Hpe

Le thème en dehors



30

Hpe



34

Hpe

p

Glissando

3

3

3



36

Hpe

Ré ♭

40

Hpe

44

Large (♩. = c. 120)

Hpe

f

48

Presto ♩ = 132

Hpe

Ré ♭

52

Hpe

54

Hpe

f

3. Ce qu'apporte le vent d'Ouest

The musical score for the Harp (Hpe) part consists of two staves. The upper staff features a series of chords, each marked with a '3' indicating a triplet. These chords are connected by wavy lines labeled 'Glissando'. The lower staff contains a single melodic line with a few notes and a final double bar line.

4. Brise de Zéphyr

Harpe

Jean Froidevaux

Très fluide ♩. = 144

Harpe

p

Measures 1-3 of the piece. The treble clef staff contains a melody of eighth notes, starting with a half note G4 and a dotted half note F4. The bass clef staff contains whole rests. The first measure is marked with a piano (*p*) dynamic and an accent (>) over the first eighth note.

4

Measures 4-7. The treble clef staff continues the melody. Measures 5 and 6 have accents (>) over the first eighth notes. Measure 7 has an accent (>) over the first eighth note and a half note G4.

8

8^{va}

Measures 8-11. Measure 8 has an accent (>) over the first eighth note. Measures 9-11 feature an octave shift indicated by a dashed line and '8^{va}'. The melody continues with eighth notes, and measures 10 and 11 have accents (>) over the first eighth notes.

12

Measures 12-15. Measure 12 has an accent (>) over the first eighth note. Measures 13-15 continue the melody with eighth notes. Measures 14 and 15 have accents (>) over the first eighth notes.

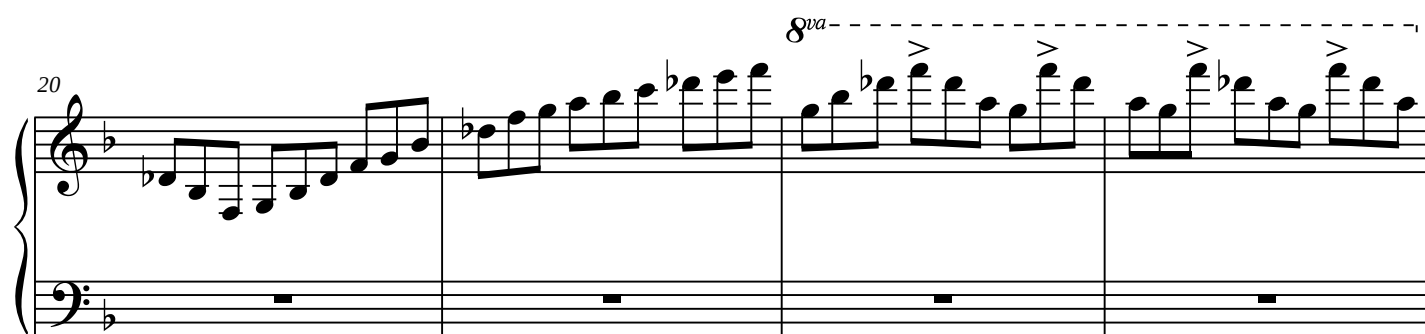
16

Ré b

Measures 16-19. Measure 16 has an accent (>) over the first eighth note. Measures 17-19 continue the melody. Measure 18 has an accent (>) over the first eighth note. Measure 19 has an accent (>) over the first eighth note and a half note G4. The text 'Ré b' is written below the staff in measure 18.

20

8va-

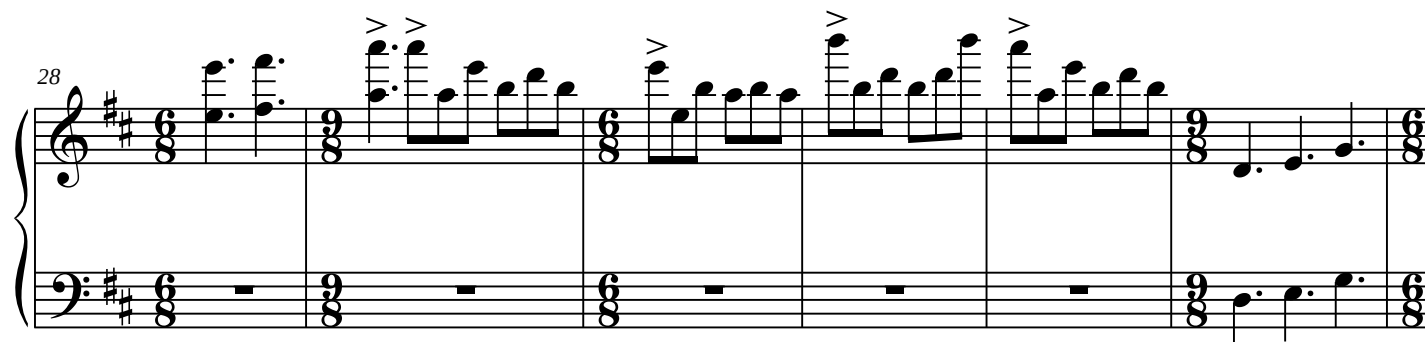


24

Fa # Do # Si b

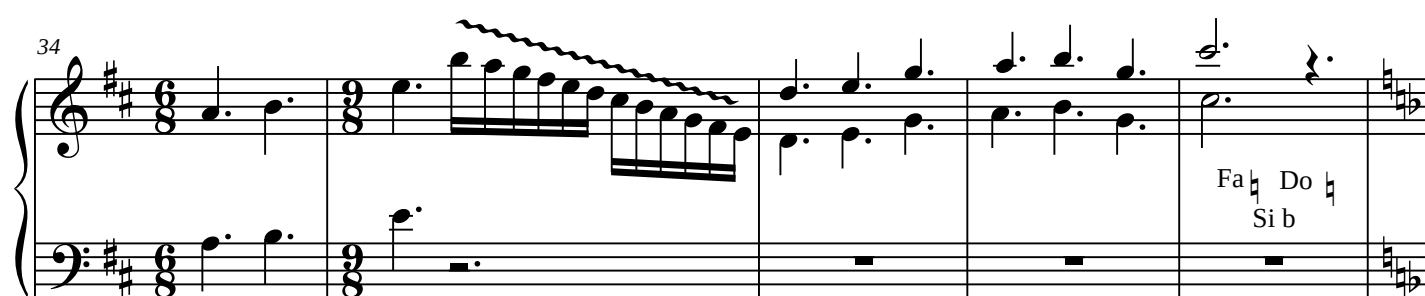


28



34

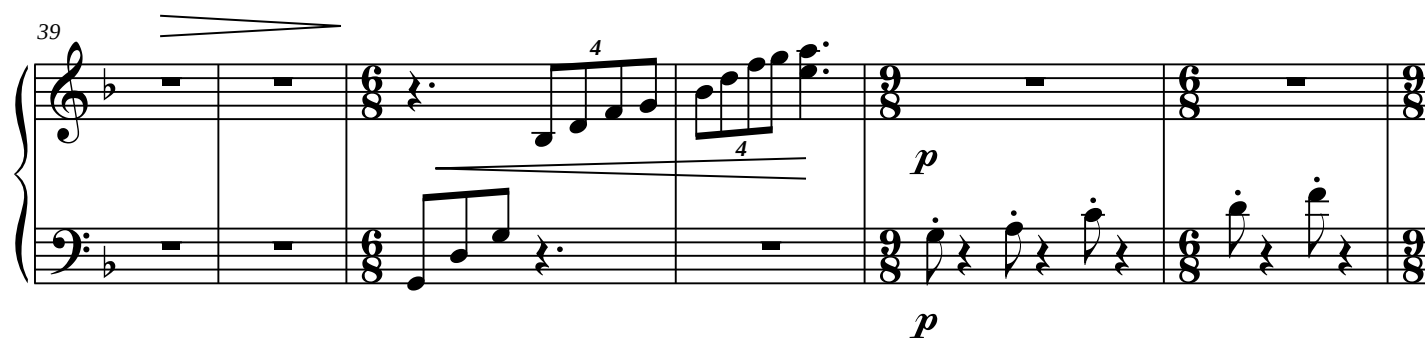
Fa b Do b Si b



39

p

p



4. Brise de Zéphir

3

plus marqué ♩. = 132

45

Fa b (+ Mi)

50

(♩. = c. 90)

p

56

accel. peu à peu

(♩. = c. 90)

64

rit.

accel.

(♩. = 120)

72

p

accel. cresc.

Tempo primo ♩. = 144

80

sec

87

4

sec

f

92

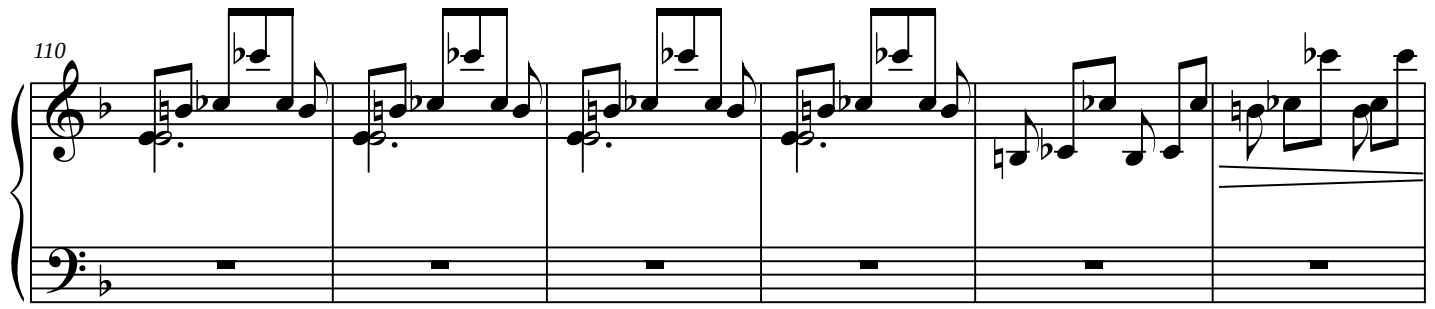
plus marqué ♩. = 132

Fa #

98

104

110

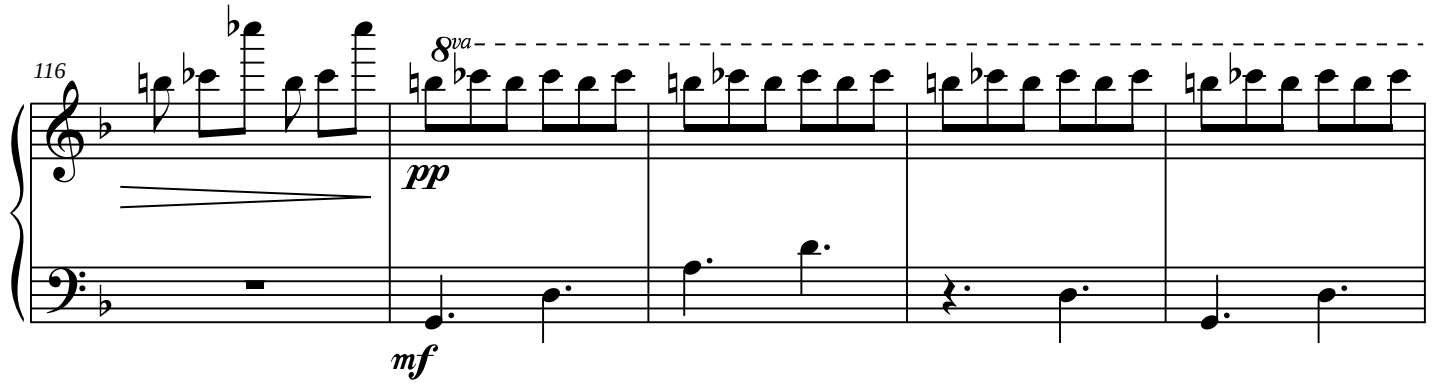


116

pp

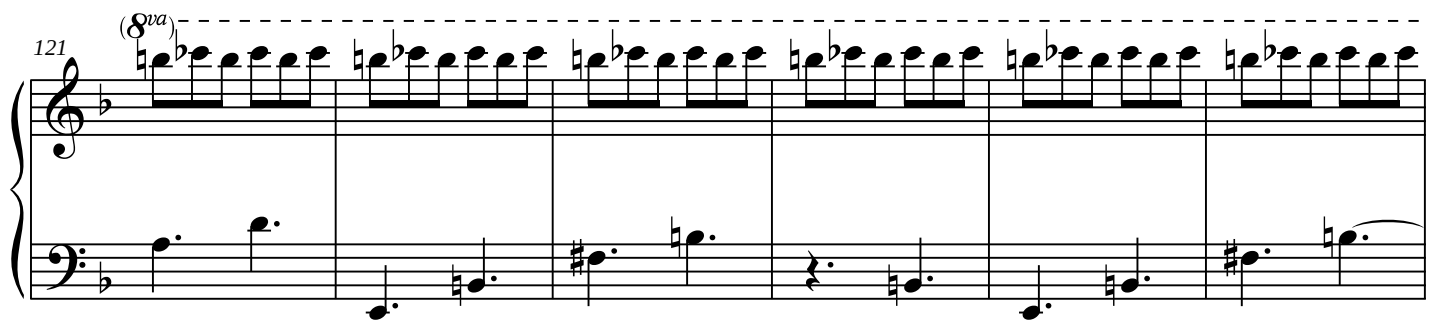
mf

8va



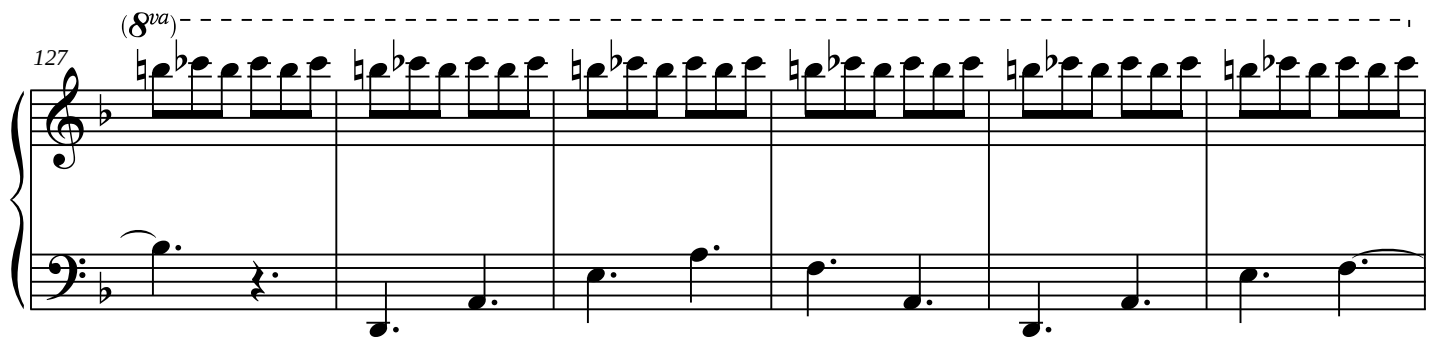
121

(8va)



127

(8va)



133

mf



140

f *f* Fa #

144

Do # Sol # *mf* *mf*

148

mf

153

8

160

mf Sol $\flat$ Do $\flat$

166

Si b Mi b

p Mi

171

178

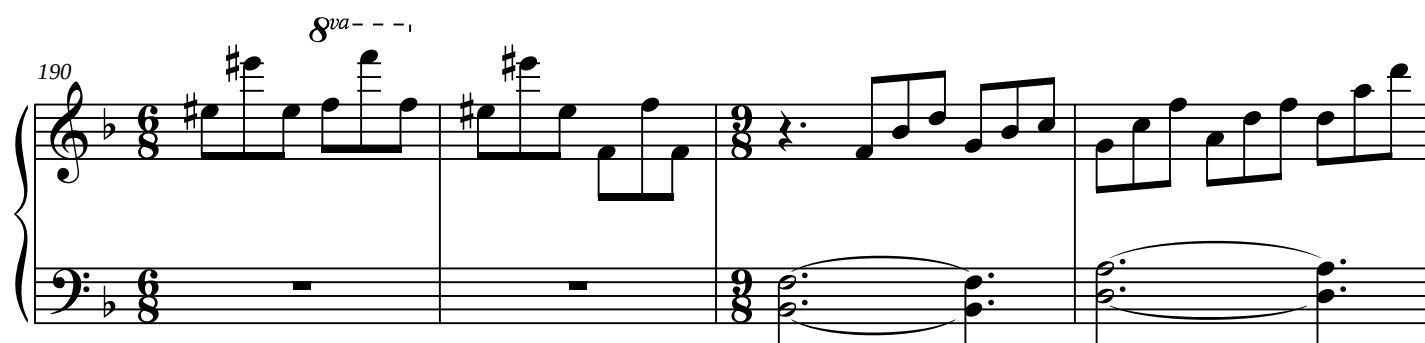
182

186

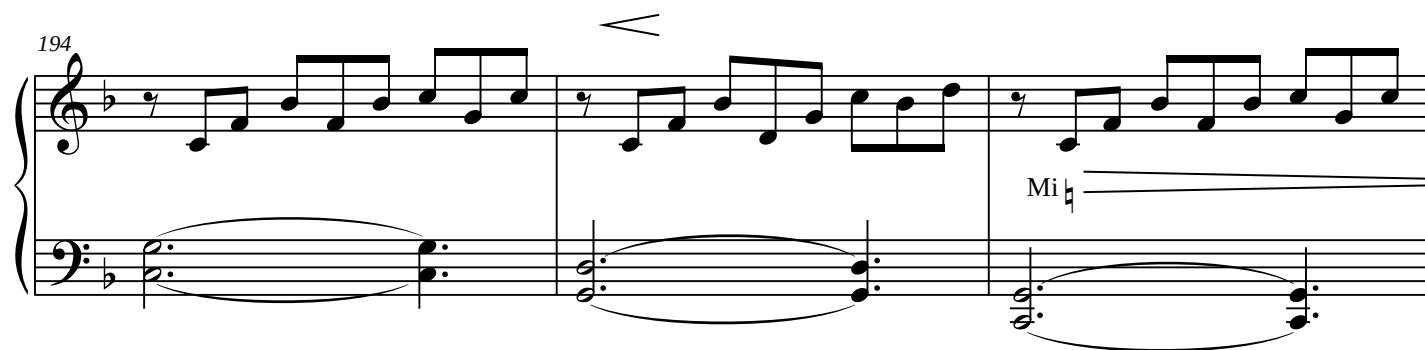
8va

MI #

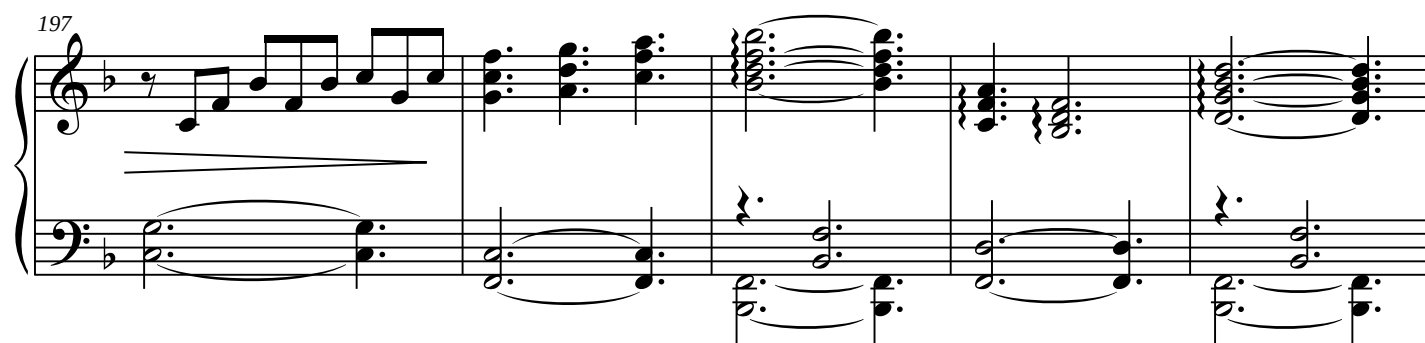
190 *8va* - - - ,



194

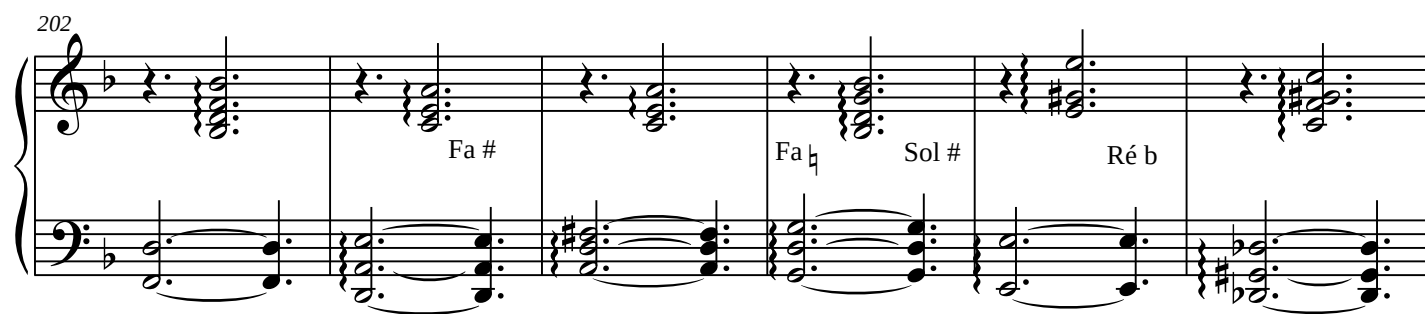


197



202

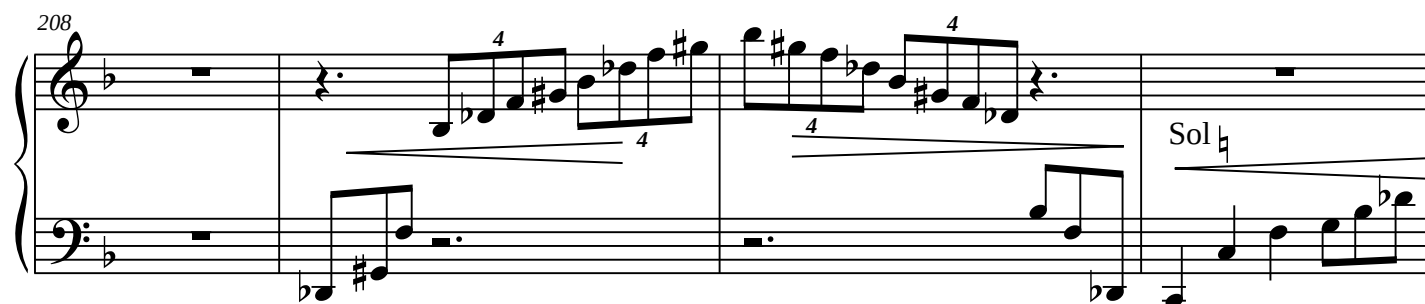
Fa # Fa Sol # Ré b



208

4 4

Sol



212

4

Ré

4

217

f

mf

224

Ré b

Ré

Mi b

Mi

231

rit.

(♩. = c. 90)

arpèges lents

mf

p

238

pp

ppp

p

8va